



Šezdesetpeti rodendan Vojnosanitetskog pregleda

Sixty-Fifth Anniversary of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled*

Silva Dobrić

Vojnomedicinska akademija, Institut za naučne informacije, Beograd, Srbija
Military Medical Academy, Institute for Scientific Information, Belgrade, Serbia

Ove godine, u septembru, navršava se 65 godina kontinuiranog izlaženja Vojnosanitetskog pregleda (VSP), časopisa lekara i farmaceuta Vojske Srbije. Prvi broj časopisa (slika 1) izišao je za vreme Drugog svetskog rata, 1944. godine u Bariju (Italija) jer su se, u to vreme, na našim prostorima odvijale završne bitke za oslobodjenje zemlje od fašističkog okupatora. Međutim, već u decembru iste godine izišao je drugi broj VSP u tek oslobođenom Beogradu. Inicijativu za pokretanje jednog stručnog, vojnomedicinskog časopisa dao je general-major dr Gojko Nikoliš (slika 2), u to vreme na dužnosti glavnog referenta saniteta Vrhovnog štaba Narodnooslobodilačke vojske i partizanskih odreda Jugoslavije, uvidevši potrebu za stalnim stručnim usavršavanjem i razmenom iskustava pripadnika vojnog saniteta. Dr Nikoliš je bio i prvi glavni i odgovorni urednik VSP. Časopis je već imao preteču u predratnom Vojno-sanitetskom glasniku koji je počeo da izlazi 1930. godine kao stručno glasilo Sanitetskog odeljenja Ministarstva vojske i Mornarice Kraljevine Jugoslavije (slika 3). Vojno-sanitetski glasnik izlazio je sve do početka Drugog svetskog rata (poslednji broj objavljen je u januaru 1941. godine) i bio je izuzetno cenjen u medicinskim krugovima tog vremena. Međutim, radikalni raskid s prošlošću koji je kod nas bio prisutan u gotovo svim sferama života u posleratnom periodu, nije mimoišao ni stručne časopise, tako da se tek od 2002. godine (vol. 59) u impresumu VSP pominje da časopis nastavlja tradiciju svog slavnog pretka Vojno-sanitetskog glasnika.

Već prvih godina postojanja časopisa uvodi se praksa tzv. tematskih brojeva, kasnije suplementi, posvećenih raznim značajnim događajima. Tako je u 1950. godini broj 3–4 posvećen „otvorenju Vojno-medicinske akademije Jugoslovenske Armije“, a broj 3–4 za 1953. „osnivaču i dosadašnjem odgovornom uredniku, general-potpukovniku dr Gojku Nikolišu“.

U br. 1–2 iz 1955. pojavljuje se iscrpno Uputstvo saradnicima sa prilogom o jeziku i pravopisu. U broju 7–8 za 1955. prvi put u impresumu navode se članovi redakcije

This September, it is 65 years of continuous publishing of *Vojnosanitetski pregled* (Military Medical Journal), a journal for physicians and pharmacists of Serbian Army. The first issue of the journal (Figure 1) was published during World War II (WWII), 1944, in Bari (Italy) because that time the final struggles for liberation from fascist occupation were fought in the territory of the former Yugoslavia. Yet, the next issue was printed in December that year in just liberated Belgrade. An initiative for foundation of a military medical and pharmaceutical journal was given by Major General Dr. Gojko Nikoliš (Figure 2), at that time the Head of the Military Medical Service of the General Staff of the Yugoslav People's Army. He recognized the need for permanent education and professional experiences exchange among the members of Military Medical Corps. Dr. Nikoliš was, in the same time, the first Editor-in-Chief of the journal. The *Vojnosanitetski pregled* had the pre-war predecessor the *Vojno-sanitetski glasnik* (Military Medical Herald) founded in 1930 by the Medical Department of the Ministry of Army and the Navy of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia (Figure 3). The *Vojno-sanitetski glasnik* was published up to the beginning of WWII (the last issue in January, 1941). It was highly esteemed in the contemporary medical community. However, radical breaking with the past in that time in our country unfortunately affected professional journals, and, because of that, not earlier than 2002 (vol. 59) in the Heading of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* was written that it is continuing the tradition of a famous predecessor, the *Vojno-sanitetski glasnik*.

Even in the first years of its "life", the practice of the so-called thematic issues (later supplements), dedicated to various significant events, was introduced. Thus, the issue 3–4 in 1950 was dedicated to the "opening of Military Medical Academy of the Yugoslav Army", and the issue 3–4 in 1953 to "the founder and until recently Editor-in-Chief Lieutenant General Dr. Gojko Nikoliš".

In the issue 1–2, in 1955, an extensive "Instructions for Authors" with an article on Language and Grammar, and in the issue 7–8, also in 1955, for the first time, the names of



Sl. 1 – Naslovna strana prvog broja Vojnosanitetskog pregleda (septembar, 1944)

Fig. 1 – Cover page of the first issue of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* (September 1944)



Sl. 2 – Naslovna strana prvog broja Vojno-sanitetskog glasnika (1930)

Fig. 2 – Cover page of the first issue of the *Vojno-sanitetski glasnik* (1930)



Sl. 3 – Dr Gojko Nikoliš (1911–1995), lekar, istoričar, učesnik Španskog građanskog rata i Narodnooslobodilačkog rata na prostorima bivše Jugoslavije, general JNA, član Srpske akademije nauka i umetnosti, narodni heroj Jugoslavije, osnivač i prvi glavni i odgovorni urednik Vojnosanitetskog pregleda.

Fig. 3 – Dr Gojko Nikoliš (1911–1995), a physician, historian, participant in the Spanish Civil War and the People's Liberation War in former Yugoslavia during the Second World War, General of the Yugoslav People's Army, the Yugoslav People's Hero, member of the Serbian Academy of Science and Art, founder and the first Editor-in-Chief of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled*.

časopisa, kasnije veoma značajni lekari i farmaceuti. Tako su tzv. stručnu korekturu tada obavljali, između ostalih, potpukovnik dr Antun Gašparov, osnivač naše gastroenterologije i major mr ph. Zlatko Binenfeld, jedan od značajnijih jugoslovenskih toksikologa. Lektor za strane jezike bila je vojni službenik dr Ines Veslej-Tanasković (Ines Wesley), tvorac jugoslovenske naučne informatike, a lektor za srpskohrvatski jezik vojni službenik Srđa Petrović.

Od 1957. odgovorni sekretar, u to vreme dr Ivo Pavletić, postaje ujedno i glavni urednik Redakcije, dakle tehničkog dela, dok je odgovorni urednik i dalje bio dr Gojko Nikoliš. Od 1960. godine uvodi se funkcija glavnog i odgovornog urednika, a od naredne 1961. godine, osnivanjem Instituta za vojnomedicinsku dokumentaciju (sada Institut za naučne informacije), načelnik Instituta postaje ujedno i glavni i odgovorni urednik VSP, kako je i danas. U to vreme, časopis je već imao prepoznatljivu fizionomiju, a apstrakti radova objavljivali su se na više stranih jezika (ruski, engleski, nemački i francuski).

Povodom 25-godišnjice izlaženja časopisa izdata je kompletna bibliografija originalnih radova 1944–69, a časopis je odlikovan Ordenom za vojne zasluge sa velikom zvezdom što je bio dokaz prepoznavanja njegove uloge i značaja u razvoju sanitetske službe (slika 4).

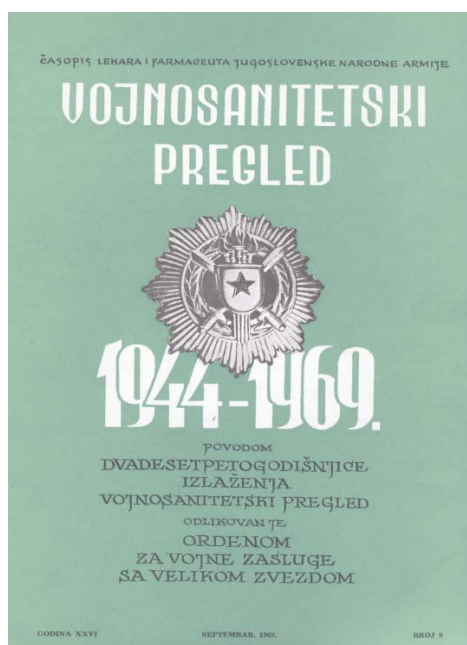
U periodu od osnivanja časopisa do 1972. godine izlazilo je i po 12 brojeva godišnje, što je bio pokazatelj velikog priliva radova. Od 1973. prelazi se na izdavanje šest brojeva u godini i to se održavalo sve do 2005. godine, kada se ponovo prešlo na izlaženje svakog meseca (trenutno je VSP jedini biomedicinski časopis u Srbiji sa takvom dinamikom izlaženja). U tom periodu časopis je u nekoliko navrata menjao izgled naslovne strane, ali uz stalno unapređenje kvaliteta sadržaja. Od 2006. godine časopis poprima sadašnji izgled sa naslovnom stranom na kojoj se objavljuju slike povezane sa sadržajem tog broja ili slike iz istorije medicine (slika 5).

members of the editorial staff of the Journal (later significant physicians and pharmacists) occurred. Thus, the co-called expert proof-reading was performed, among others, by Lieutenant Colonel Dr. Antun Gašparov, the founder of domestic gastroenterology, and Major Zlatko Binenfeld, BPharm, one of the most significant Yugoslav toxicologists. The proofreaders for foreign languages and Serbo-Croatian were Dr. Ines Wesley, the author of Yugoslav Scientific Informatics, and Srđa Petrović, respectively.

In 1957, the "responsible secretary" of the Journal, in that time Dr Ivo Pavletić, became also the Chief of the Editorial Staff, while dr Gojko Nikoliš was still the Chief Editor of the journal. In 1960 the position of the Editor-in-Chief was established, and next year (1961), when the Institute for Military Medical Documentation (now the Institute for Scientific Information) was founded and the Editorial Staff of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* became the part of the Institute, its Head was nominated as the Editor-in-Chief of the Journal which became a regular practice. In that time, the journal had recognizable appearance, and abstracts of articles in several foreign languages (English, Russian, German, French) were published.

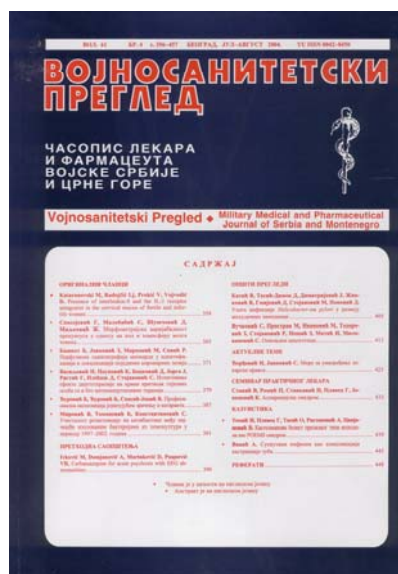
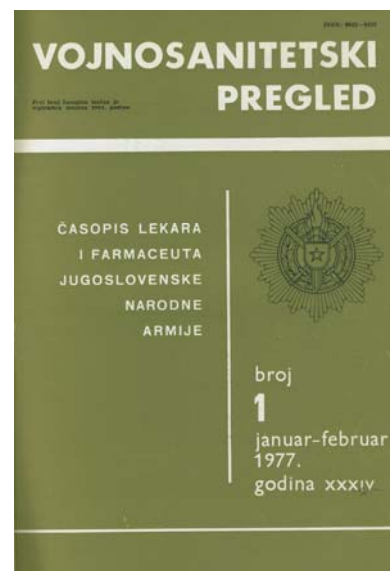
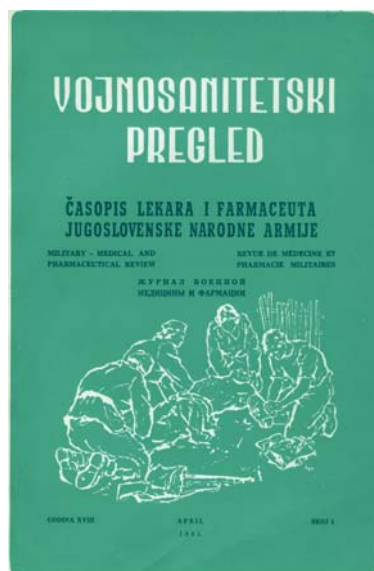
The 25th Anniversary was marked by a complete bibliography of original articles published from 1944-1969, and the Journal was decorated by the Order of Military Merits with the Grand Star (Figure 4).

The Journal had 12 issues in the volume from its inception indicating the high influx of articles. From 1973 six issues were published annually, but from 2005 publishing of 12 issues each year was renewed (presently the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* is the only medical Journal in Serbia with that frequency of publishing). During this period cover page of the Journal has been changed many times, with constant improvement of the quality of its contents. Since 2006 the Journal has got a cover page with images suggesting the contents of a particular issue (Figure 5).



Sl. 4 – Naslovna strana jubilarnog broja VSP iz 1969. posvećenog 25-godišnjici izlaženja

Fig. 4 – Cover page of the jubilee issue of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* in 1969 dedicated to its 25th Anniversary



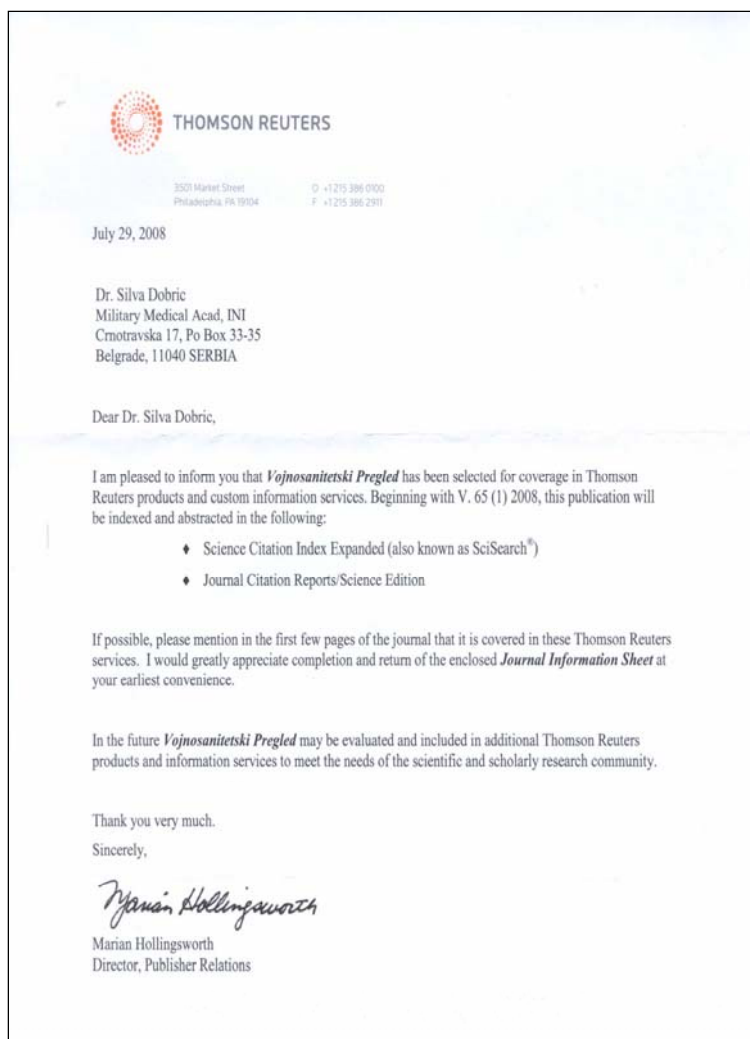
Sl. 5 – Izgled naslovne strane VSP iz različitih perioda njegovog izlaženja
Fig. 5 – Cover pages of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* from different periods

Časopis je već od 1950. godine ušao u sistem citiranja nekoliko poznatih apstraktnih i citatnih časopisa i njihovih elektronskih baza. To su, u prvom redu, Index Medicus, indeksni časopis Nacionalne medicinske biblioteke SAD, i njegova elektronska baza MEDLINE, zatim Excerpta Medica i njena elektronska baza EMBASE, Chemical Abstracts, Biological Abstract, International Pharmaceutical Abstracts i još šest drugih sekundarnih publikacija. Od tog vremena, pa do danas sadržaj svakog broja VSP objavljuju *Giornale di Medicina Militare* i *Revista de Medicina Militar*, a prikaze originalnih radova i izvoda iz sadržaja *International Review of the Armed Forces Medical Services*. Od 2002. godine VSP se nalazi u sistemu praćenja baze EBSCO, preko koje se radovi objavljeni u njemu mogu dobiti u punom tekstu. Pored toga, časopis se razmenjuje sa 40 međunarodnih i 36 domaćih časopisa.

Iako je VSP uvek zauzimao značajno mesto u domaćoj biomedicinskoj publicistici, želja njegovog uredništva i izdavača bila je dobijanje međunarodnog statusa i renomea. Ka tom cilju krenulo se 2002. godine proširenjem Uređivačkog odbora u koji su ušla najpoznatija imena srpske medicine. Među njima, prvi put posle 1944. godine, kada ih je bilo dve (dr Julka Mešterović-Pantić i dr Danica Perović), našlo se i pet žena, četiri pripadnice vojnog saniteta (prof. dr Mirjana Životić Vanović, doc. dr Silva Dobrić, doc. dr Ljiljana Pavlica i naučni saradnik dr sc. med. Radojka Bokun) i jedna iz civilnih struktura (prof. dr Darinka Bošković), dok ih u sadašnjem sazivu Uređivačkog odbora ima čak osam, uključujući i glavnu i odgovornu urednicu časopisa. Krug recenzenata se takođe proširio na više od 100 stručnjaka iz različitih oblasti medicine, farmacije i stomatologije, uz pooštavanje kriterijuma za prihvatanje radova. Redovnost izlaženja, u vreme kada je izlaženje drugih domaćih časopisa kasnilo i po nekoliko meseci, obezbedili su sve veći priliv radova i iz tzv. civilnih struktura, što se, takođe, odrazilo na kvalitet radova publikovanih u VSP. Velika zasluga za ovo pripada tadašnjem glavnom i odgovornom uredniku prof. dr Vladimiru Tadiću koji je bio *spiritus movens* ovih promena. Tokom 2005. godine, kada je na čelo uredništva došao doc. dr Mile Ignjatović, završeno je i konstituisanje međunarodnog uređivačkog odbora, čime su se stekli i formalni uslovi za ulazak na međunarodnu scenu. Časopis je obogaćen novim rubrikama (pisma uredništvu, komentari, kritički osvrti i sl), dobio je logo i novi, moderniji, a po mnogima, i lepši izgled. Ovo, kao i stalno pozivanje autora, da svoje radove objavljuju na engleskom jeziku u cilju povećanja „vidljivosti“, rezultovalo je uključenjem VSP u *Science Citation Index Expanded* (SCIE), čuvenu bazu naučnih časopisa Instituta za naučne informacije (the *Institute for Scientific Information* – ISI), sada *Thomson Reuters*, iz Filadelfije. Vest o ovome stigla je na e-mail redakcije VSP početkom juna 2008, a krajem jula stigla je i zvanična potvrda prijema i SCIE (slika 6). Na taj način, VSP je postao prvi domaći časopis iz oblasti humane medicine koji je ušao u društvo najprestižnijih naučnih časopisa sveta.

As early as in 1950 the Journal was indexed by a few well-known abstract and indexed journals and their electronic databases, for example *Index Medicus* (MEDLINE), *Excerpta Medica* (EMBASE), *Chemical Abstracts*, *Biological Abstract*, *International Pharmaceutical Abstracts* and six other secondary publications. Ever since that time the contents of any issues of the Journal have been published in the *Giornale di Medicina Militare* and the *Revista de Medicina Militar*, while the abstracts of original articles in the *International Review of the Armed Forces Medical Services*. Since 2002 the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* has been included in the EBSCO base which provides free on-line approach to the journal contents and taking over the articles in the full text to its subscribers. Furthermore, the Journal is exchanged with 40 foreign and 36 domestic medical journals.

Although the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* has always had a significant position among domestic medical scientific Journals, the Editorial Board and the Publisher tend to obtain an international recognition and reputation. This was a reason to widen Editorial Board in 2002 with Serbian most eminent medical experts. For the first time after the first issue in 1944, when among editors two women had been included (Dr. Julka Mešterović-Pantić and Dr. Danica Perović), the Editorial Board was proud to include five women, four from Military Medical Service (Prof. Mirjana Životić Vanović, Assist. Prof. Silva Dobrić, Assist. Prof. Ljiljana Pavlica and Assist. Prof. Radojka Bokun) and one from a civil medical institution (Prof. Darinka Bošković). Presently, there are eight women in the Editorial Board of the Journal including its Editor-in-Chief. The number of per-reviewers has also been increased by more than 100 scientists from various fields of medicine, pharmacy and dentistry, and the selection criteria for publishing have got more strict. Regularity in publishing in the time when publishing of other domestic medical journal is late even for several months, resulted in an increasing influx of manuscripts from the so-called civilian institutions which, in turn, had favourable impact on the quality of articles published in the *Vojnosanitetski pregled*. The great merit for that belongs to Colonel Prof. Vladimir Tadić, at that time the Editor-in-Chief of the Journal, the *spiritus movens* of these changes. Within 2005, when Colonel Assist. Prof. Mile Ignjatović took over the Editor-in-Chief function, establishing of the International Editorial Board was finished providing formal conditions for the inclusion into international journal family. The Journal was enriched by new types of articles (e.g. Letters to the Editor, Comments, Critical Views, etc.), logo, and new, more modern, and, in the opinion of many readers, better appearance. That, as well as permanent invitations to authors to prepare their manuscripts in English in order to increase "visibility", resulted by inclusion of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* into *Science Citation Index Expanded* (SCIE), famous base of scientific journals of the Institute for Scientific Information (ISI), now *Thomson Reuters*, from Philadelphia, USA. The Editorial Staff of the Journal received e-mail with this information at the beginning of June, 2008, and at the end of July, received an official letter from Thomson Reuters (Figure 6). Thanks to that, the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* turned to the first domestic clinically oriented medical journal that was included into the group of the most influential scientific journals.



Sl. 6 – Obaveštenje o prijemu VSP u Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE)

Fig. 6 – Information on inclusion of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* into the Science Citation Index Expanded (SCIE)

Ovo je rezultiralo dodatnim interesovanjem biomedicinskih stručnjaka iz zemlje, ali i inostranstva da svoje radove publikuju u VSP, tako da se broj pristiglih radova u redakciju VSP višestruko povećao u odnosu na period pre ulaska u SCIE. Ilustracije radi, dok je u prvih šest meseci 2008. godine u redakciju časopisa došlo 126 radova, a zaključno sa 31.12.2008. godine 314 radova, dotle je u proteklom šestomesečnom periodu (01.01.2009-30.06.2009) primljeno 250 radova, dakle 100% više nego u istom periodu prošle godine, odnosno skoro 80% ukupnog prošlogodišnjeg broja, od čega više od 75% od autora iz civilnih zdravstvenih i akademskih institucija. Ovakav trend prisutan je od 2006. godine i, prema svim pokazateljima, izgleda da će se i nastaviti, što dovoljno govori o ugledu koji VSP ima u domaćoj stručnoj javnosti. Takođe, porastao je i broj pretplatnika časopisa, što je rezultovalo povećanjem tiraža na 1 000 primeraka.

Od prošle godine časopis je dostupan on-line preko sajta Vojnomedicinske akademije što je dodatno doprinelo njegovoj sve većoj vidljivosti i dostupnosti zainteresovanima.

Budući da je VSP tek od 2008. godine u sistemu praćenja citatnih baza ISI, još uvek nema određen impakt faktor

Consequently, the number of domestic and foreign biomedical scientists submitting their articles for publishing in the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* increased highly as compared with the period before coverage by SCIE. For example, in the first half of 2008, the editorial staff of the Journal received 126 manuscripts, and by the end of the year (December 31, 2008) 314 ones, in the period from January 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009, the number was 250, that is 100% more than in the same period of the last year or almost 80% of the total number of manuscripts received during last year. Of these manuscripts more than 75% were sent by authors from civil institutions. This trend has been observed from 2006, and, it seems to be continued implying a high reputation of the Journal among domestic scientists. Accordingly, the number of journal subscribers has increased leading to the increasing printing (at the moment 1,000 copies per issue).

Last year the Journal started on-line edition at the web site of the Military Medical Academy (MMA), Belgrade. This has additionally increased visibility and availability of the journal.

Due to the fact that the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* has been covered by SCIE just from 2008, its impact factor (numerical indicator of influence of particular journal on its scientific field) has

(numerički pokazatelj uticaja određenog časopisa na oblast koju pokriva), ali se na osnovu izveštaja stručnih službi baze EBSCO, preko koje je VSP dostupan u punom tekstu, o broju pristupa člancima objavljenim u njemu, može pretpostaviti da VSP već ima određen uticaj (nadamo se ne mali) na oblast biomedicinskih nauka. Naime, samo u prvom kvartalu ove godine (period januar-mart) zabeležena su 2 902 pristupa VSP i preuzimanja pojedinih članaka iz njega, dok je u čitavoj prošloj godini taj broj iznosio 2 340. Dakle, samo u prva tri meseca ove godine bilo je 562 pristupa radovima iz VSP više, nego tokom svih 12 meseci prošle godine! Nadajmo se da će se ovaj trend nastaviti i ubuduće.

Od 1995. godine, u sklopu proslave Dana Vojnomedicinske akademije (2. mart) Uredništvo i izdavač VSP dodeljuju specijalnu nagradu autoru koji je u prethodnoj godini objavio najviše radova na stranicama VSP, kao priznanje za doprinos razvoju naučne misli u oblasti biomedicine i podizanje ugleda časopisa. Interesantno je da su svi dosadašnji dobitnici ove nagrade pripadnici vojnog saniteta, iako je poslednjih godina, kao što je napred spomenuto, trend da najveći broj autora koji objavljuju u VSP dolazi iz civilnih ustanova. Imena dosadašnjih dobitnika nagrade Autor godine VSP naveden je u tabeli 1.

not yet been determined. However, according to the information from EBSCO (a base providing full text articles from the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* in pdf format to its subscribers) on the number of approaches to the articles published in the Journal (so-called hits) it could be assumed that the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* already has some impact (hope no low) on the field of biomedical sciences. Namely, only in the first quarter of this year (January-March) 2,902 hits were recorded, while in the whole last year this number was 2,340. So, there were 562 hits more in the first three months of this year in relation to those reached during all 12 months in 2008. We hope this trend continues in the future!

Since 1995, on celebrating the Day of Military Medical Academy (March 2), the Editorial Board and the Publisher of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* have awarded a special prize to the author with the highest number of articles published in the Journal during the previous year as a recognition of his/her contribution to the development of biomedical science and increasing of the Journal's prestige. It is interesting that all the previous winners of this prize were the members of Serbian Military Medical Service, although last years, as above mentioned, there was a tendency of increasing number of authors from the so-called civil medical institutions. The names of the previous Authors of the Year of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* are given in table 1.

Autori godine Vojnosanitetskog pregleda

Tabela 1

Authors of the Year of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled*

Table 1

Godina Year	Autor Author	Institucija Institution
1995	Zoran Roganović	Klinika za neurohirurgiju, VMA Clinic for Neurosurgery, MMA
1996	Zoran Roganović	Klinika za neurohirurgiju VMA Clinic for Neurosurgery, MMA
1997	Miomir Cvetinović	Klinika za maksilofacijalnu hirurgiju, VMA Clinic for Maxillofacial Surgery, MMA
1998	Ranko Raičević	Klinika za neurologiju VMA Clinic for Neurology, MMA
1999	Ranko Raičević	Klinika za neurologiju VMA Clinic for Neurology, MMA
2000	Ranko Raičević	Klinika za neurologiju VMA Clinic for Neurology, MMA
2001	Mile Ignjatović	Klinika za opštu i vaskularnu hirurgiju VMA Clinic for General and Vascular Surgery, MMA
2002	Ranko Raičević	Klinika za neurologiju VMA Clinic for Neurology, MMA
2003	Ljubomir Panajotović	Klinika za plastičnu hirurgiju VMA Clinical for Plastic Surgery, MMA
2004	Goran Brajušković	Institut za patologiju VMA Institute for pathology, MMA
2005	Marija Toskić-Radojičić	Institut za farmaciju VMA Institute for Pharmacy, MMA
2006	Goran Brajušković	Institut za patologiju VMA Institute for Pathology, MMA
2007	Snežana Đorđević	Centar za kontrolu trovanja VMA Poison Control Centre, MMA
2008	Boris Ajdinović	Institut za nuklearnu medicinu VMA Institute for Nuclear Medicine, MMA

Na kraju, treba istaći da su svi dosadašnji uspesi VSP rezultat predanog rada plejade urednika, članova uredništva, recenzenata i redakcije časopisa od samog početka njegovog

It should be emphasized that all the present successes of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* are the result of devoted work of numerous editors, members of editorial board and staff, reviewers

izlaženja. Od osnivanja do danas časopis je uređivalo 12 glavnih i odgovornih urednika (tabela 2). Svako od njih dao je svoj doprinos razvoju i unapređenju časopisa, a generacijama koje slede ostaje da taj put nastave i ubuduće.

from the very beginning of the Journal printing. From the foundation to now the Journal has been edited by 12 Editors-in-Chief (Table 2). Each of them have contributed to its development and improvement, hoping that their followers will go on that way.

Glavni i odgovorni urednici Vojnosanitetskog pregleda od osnivanja do danas

Tabela 2

Table 2

Editors-in-Chief of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* from the foundation to now

Period	Ime i zvanje/Name and title
1944–1952	general-major / Major General Dr. Gojko Nikoliš
1953–1954	general-major / Major General Dr. Đura Mešterović
1955–1960	general-potpukovnik / Lieutenant General Dr. Gojko Nikoliš
1960–1962	pukovnik / Colonel Dr. Ivo Pavlečić, hirurg/ surgeon
1963–1971	general-major / Major General Dr. Žarko Cvetković, hirurg /surgeon
1971–1979	pukovnik / Colonel Dr. Božidar Nikolić, epidemiolog/ epidemiologist
1979–1990	pukovnik / Colonel Dr. Vladimir Đergović, hirurg / surgeon
1990–1995	pukovnik/ Colonel Dr. Čedomir Marković
1995–2000	pukovnik prim./ Colonel Dr. Dušan Milić, anesteziolog / anesthesiologist
2000–2005	pukovnik / Colonel Prof. Dr. Vladimir Tadić, farmakolog-toksikolog/ pharmacologist-toxicologist
2005–2006	pukovnik / Colonel Assist. Prof. Dr. Mile Ignjatović, hirurg/ surgeon
2006–	vojni službenik Prof. Dr. Silva Dobrić, spec. kliničke farmacije / Clinical pharmacist

Velika zasluga, svakako, pripada i autorima VSP koji su kroz proteklih 65 godina svojim znanjem i iskustvom ispunili njegove stranice i učinili ga prepoznatljivim daleko izvan granica naše zemlje.

Na kraju, pozivam sve vas, prijatelje i poštovaoce VSP, da mu povodom ovog velikog jubileja, 65 godina postojanja, poželimo još mnogo, mnogo uspešnih i srećnih godina!

The great merit, certainly, is shared by the authors of the *Vojnosanitetski pregled* who for the previous 65 years have covered its pages by their knowledge and experience making it well-known abroad.

At the end, I invite you, the friends and the loyal readers of *Vojnosanitetski pregled*, that on the occasion of its great jubilee, 65 years of publishing, all together wish it go on for many successful and happy years!

VIVAT, FLOREAT, CRESCAT
VOJNOSANITETSKI PREGLED!