BOOK REVIEW

UDK 616.15-005-053.31(048.83)

Clinical anatomy

by K. Moore and A. Dalley

It is with enormous pleasure that we can make an announcement to widest medical circles that the newest translation of *Clinical anatomy* by K. Moore and A. Dalley has seen the daylight, as part of a continuous effort of two publishers from Belgrade (Serbia) and Banja Luka (Bosnia and Herzegovina), the Romanov and the Bard-Fin respectively, to bring benchmark texts from the field closer to the readership, since they have also published *Grant's* anatomical atlas. Clinical anatomy is a classic textbook dealing with human anatomy, if classic here stands not only for quality and long life (this is the translation of the fifth edition), but also its topicality and approaches to presenting the subject matter. When the latter is concerned, this textbook epitomizes contemporary expertise from the field, since its every section contains, apart from data

from descriptive and topographic anatomy, highlighted areas featuring practical ideas (blue box) and information on imaging methods (green box). Such a design makes it possible for making strong connections between the very subject matter and the practical needs. Consequently, it facilitates the learning process in all its aspects.

Although as many as 32 scholars from numerous medical schools in the region of former Yugoslavia took part in the translation process, neither the coherence of the text, nor each individual signature, is compromised. The book contains 1,209 pages and over 800 remarkable illustrations in full colour, accompanied by thorough notes, its volume and reach satisfying the needs of medical students with respect to the subject of anatomy as part of medical school curricula. In addition, it is indispensable as a compendium to physicians already working in hospitals and clinics, even interns.

This textbook, translated by a large number of university professors of anatomy, offers a long-term solution for a credible source of knowledge in the field of human anatomy.

Chief reviewer: Prof. Slobodan Malobabic, Faculty of Medicine, University of Belgrade

