

EDITORIJAL

„Mudar čovek treba da smatra zdravlje kao jedan od najvećih blagoslova, te da nauči kako da u vlastitim mislima izvuče korist iz svoje bolesti."
Hipokrat

Poštovane koleginice i kolege, dragi prijatelji,

Velika mi je čast i zadovoljstvo da vam predstavim treći broj „Srpskog medicinskog časopisa Lekarske komore" u 2026. godini. Posebno mi je zadovoljstvo što imam priliku da, zajedno sa glavnom i odgovornom urednicom prof. dr Milenom Šantrić-Milićević i članovima Uredništva, učestvujem u radu i doprinosim razvoju i unapređenju našeg časopisa. Svaki novi broj predstavlja rezultat zajedničkog rada, posvećenosti i stručnosti autora, recenzenata i urednika.

U ovom broju Časopisa, kao i u svim prethodnim, nastojali smo da uz podršku i saradnju cenjenih kolega ponudimo sadržaje koji će opravdati poverenje i očekivanja naše čitalačke publike. Pred vama se nalaze naučni i stručni radovi naših uvaženih kolega, koji prikazuju aktuelne teme, savremene pristupe i rezultate istraživanja od značaja za unapređenje naučnog i stručnog rada.

Na početku bih istakao originalno istraživanje autorke Maje Kitić i saradnika, pod nazivom: „Primena *KASRP* upitnika u proceni znanja i stavova medicinskih sestara o bolu: preliminarni rezultati". U ovoj studiji preseka je prikazano istraživanje sprovedeno među medicinskim sestrama – tehničarima na Institutu za onkologiju Vojvodine. Dobijeni nalazi predstavljaju preliminarne rezultate primene upitnika – *Anketa o znanju i stavovima o bolu* (engl. *Knowledge and Attitudes Survey Regarding Pain – KASRP*), koji mogu biti osnova za dalja istraživanja i psihometrijsku evaluaciju srpske verzije upitnika.

Originalni rad autora Mladena Kasalovića i saradnika „Prediktori inkarceracije kile i postoperativnog recidiva kile: analiza demografskih, kliničkih i hirurških faktora koji utiču na ishode lečenja", predstavlja retrospektivnu studiju sprovedenu na Hirurškoj klinici KBC Kosovska Mitrovica. Analizom dobijenih rezultata, autori su zaključili da je uklještenje značajno povezano sa starijim godinama, komorbiditetima i tipom kile, dok recidiv kile pokazuje multifaktorsku prirodu, bez jasnih nezavisnih prediktora.

Cilj istraživanja predstavljenog u originalnom radu autorke Enite Nakaš i saradnika, „Teledentistika u Bosni i Hercegovini: analiza znanja, stavova i prakse među studentima stomatologije, stomatolozima i nastavnim kadrom na stomatološkim fakultetima zasnovana na upitniku", bio je da se procene nivo znanja, stavovi i praksa u kontekstu implementacije telemedicine. Rezultati pokazuju da stomatolozi u Bosni i Hercegovini iskazuju pozitivne stavove prema primeni teledentistike, ali da imaju ograničeno znanje i praktične veštine, što ukazuju na potrebu da se studenti stomatologije, stomatolozi i nastavni kadar u BiH kontinuirano stručno usavršavaju u ovoj oblasti.

Pregledni rad autora Dražena Radanovića i saradnika „Litijum kao neuroregenerativni modulator u reparaciji perifernih nerava: mehanistički uvidi i strategije bioinženjerske isporuke – sistematski pregled", analizira dokaze o

EDITORIAL

"A wise man should consider that health is the greatest of human blessings, and learn how by his own thought to derive benefit from his illnesses."

Hippocrates

Dear Colleagues and Friends,

It is a great honor and pleasure to present to you the third issue of the *Serbian Journal of the Medical Chamber* in 2026. I am particularly pleased to have the opportunity, together with the Editor-in-Chief, Prof. Dr. Milena Šantrić-Milićević, and the members of the Editorial Board, to participate in the work and contribute to the development and advancement of our journal. Each new issue is the result of the joint work, dedication, and expertise of the authors, reviewers, and editors.

In this issue of the Journal, as in all previous issues, we have endeavored, with the support and collaboration of our esteemed colleagues, to offer content that will justify the trust and meet the expectations of our readers. Before you are scientific and professional papers by our distinguished colleagues that address current topics, contemporary approaches, and research findings significant to the advancement of scientific and professional work.

At the outset, I would like to highlight the original research by Maja Kitić et al., entitled "Using the *KASRP* questionnaire to assess nurses' knowledge and attitudes regarding pain: preliminary results." This cross-sectional study presents research conducted among nurses at the Institute of Oncology of Vojvodina. The findings are preliminary results of the application of the questionnaire – *Knowledge and Attitudes Survey Regarding Pain – KASRP* – which may provide a basis for further research and psychometric evaluation of the Serbian version of the questionnaire.

The original research article by Mladen Kasalović et al., "Predictors of hernia incarceration and postoperative recurrence: analysis of demographic, clinical, and surgical factors influencing treatment outcomes", reports on a retrospective study conducted at the Surgical Clinic, Clinical Hospital Center Kosovska Mitrovica. Based on the analysis of the findings, the authors conclude that incarceration is significantly associated with older age, comorbidities, and hernia type, while hernia recurrence appears to be multifactorial, without clear independent predictors.

The study presented in the original research article by Enita Nakaš et al., "Teledentistry in Bosnia and Herzegovina: a questionnaire-based analysis of knowledge, attitudes, and practices among dental students, dentists, and academic staff at dental faculties", aimed to assess knowledge levels, attitudes, and practices in the context of telemedicine implementation. The results show that dentists in Bosnia and Herzegovina have positive attitudes toward implementing teledentistry but limited knowledge and practical skills to that effect, indicating the need for continuous professional development in this field for dental students, dentists, and faculty members in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

ulozi litijuma u regeneraciji perifernih nerava, sa fokusom na bioinženjerske strategije isporuke. Dobijeni rezultati ukazuju na to da biomaterijali sa litijumom, prema novijim istraživanjima, mogu da omoguće lokalnu i produženu isporuku uz smanjenje sistemske toksičnosti.

U preglednom radu autorke Jelene Bojković i saradnika„Otpornost lanaca snabdevanja lekovima i medicinskim sredstvima kao stub zdravstvene bezbednosti: integrativni pregled i okvir upravljanja zasnovan na iskustvima iz prakse", autori su analizom literature zaključili da otpornost lanaca snabdevanja lekovima i medicinskim sredstvima treba posmatrati kao strateški prioritet zdravstvene bezbednosti.

Nesanica je čest poremećaj spavanja i predstavlja klinički značajan, ali često zanemaren faktor kardiovaskularnog rizika. Autor Petar Otašević i saradnici su u preglednom radu „Nesanica kao faktor rizika kod kardioloških bolesnika i terapijski pristup", primenom deskriptivno-komparativne metode, analizirali dostupnu literaturu koja je ispitivala odnos nesanice, kardiovaskularnih ishoda i farmakološkog lečenja primenom benzodiazepina i Z-hipnotika. Autori zaključuju da se, u slučaju kada je farmakološko lečenje nesanice kod kardioloških bolesnika neophodno, Z-hipnotici mogu razmatrati kao povoljnija alternativa benzodiazepinima.

Interesovanje za uzročno-posledičnu povezanost između poremećaja iz spektra autizma i vakcinacije ne jenjava, te je pregledni rad autorke Aleksandre Ristić i saradnika „Poremećaj iz spektra autizma i vakcinacija: razbijanje mitova i predstavljanje činjenica", još jedan doprinos gorućoj temi. Dostupni naučni dokazi nedvosmisleno pokazuju da MMR vakcina ne povećava rizik za nastanak poremećaja iz spektra autizma, te su autori zaključili da je kontinuirana medicinska edukacija zdravstvenih radnika i roditelja, bazirana na naučnim dokazima, ključna za suzbijanje dezinformacija i jačanje poverenja u vakcinaciju.

Predstavljamo vam i pregledni rad autorke Jelene Salatić, iz oblasti savremene otorinolaringologije, „Skriveni gubitak sluha – kohlearna sinaptopatija". Nakon analize relevantne savremene literature, autorka je došla do zaključka da konvencionalni audiološki pristup nije dovoljan za detekciju kohlearne sinaptopatije, zbog čega je u kliničku praksu neophodno uvesti napredne elektrofiziološke i psihoakustičke testove.

Autor Lazar Jakšić i saradnici su u prikazu slučaja „Primena *PENG* i *LFCN* bloka za hiruršku korekciju kongenitalne dislokacije kuka kod deteta – prikaz slučaja", opisali primer primene relativno nove tehnike regionalne anestezije čija je dobrobit u hirurgiji kuka kod odraslih dokazana, dok se kod dece i dalje ispituje.

Retka, ali potencijalno fatalna komplikacija sistemskog eritemskog lupusa, sindrom aktivacije makrofaga, opisana je kroz prikaz slučaja autorke Aleksandre Dašić i saradnika „*Lupus in fabula*": Sistemski eritemski lupus komplikovan sindromom aktivacije makrofaga sa fatalnim ishodom". Preklapanje kliničkih i laboratorijskih pokazatelja osnovne bolesti i njene komplikacije značajno utiču na pravovremeno postavljanje dijagnoze, dok poseban dijagnostički značaj ima koncentracija feritina sa vrednostima > 10000 μg/l koje su visoko sugestivne za sindromom aktivacije makrofaga.

Još jedan redak i zanimljiv slučaj kongenitalne anomalije su prikazali autor Stefan Rošić i saradnici u radu „Prikaz slučaja jednostranog odsustva plućne arterije – radiološka dijagnoza retkog uzroka hemoptizija". Jednostrano odsustvo plućne arterije može biti asimptomatsko, pa se dijagnoza često postavlja slučajno. S obzirom da može da izazove ozbiljne komplikacije, izuzetno je značajno da lekari imaju ovo na umu, posebno kod pacijenata sa hemoptizijama.

Verujemo da će sadržaj ovog broja privući vašu pažnju i da će vam biti od koristi kako u svakodnevnoj praksi, tako i u daljem profesionalnom usavršavanju. Ovom prilikom vas pozivam da nam se svojim radovima pridružite i u narednim brojevima.

Zahvaljujemo autorima i recenzentima na njihovom doprinosu i posvećenosti, kao i svima koji svojim radom i podrškom učestvuju u razvoju i unapređenju našeg časopisa.

S poštovanjem,
Doc. dr Mlađan Golubović
Pomoćnik glavnog i odgovornog urednika
Srpskog medicinskog časopisa Lekarske komore

The review article by Dražen Radanović et al., "Lithium as a neuroregenerative modulator in peripheral nerve repair: mechanistic insights and bioengineered delivery strategies – a systematic review", analyzes the evidence regarding the role of lithium in peripheral nerve regeneration, with a focus on bioengineering delivery strategies. The findings indicate that, according to recent research, lithium-containing biomaterials may enable localized and sustained delivery while reducing systemic toxicity.

In the review article by Jelena Bojković et al., "Pharmaceutical and medical device supply chain resilience as a pillar of healthcare security: an integrative review and practice-informed management framework", the authors concluded, based on a literature analysis, that the resilience of pharmaceutical and medical device supply chains should be regarded as a strategic priority for healthcare security.

Insomnia is a common sleep disorder and a clinically significant, yet often overlooked, cardiovascular risk factor. In their review article, "Insomnia as a risk factor in cardiac patients and the treatment approach", Petar Otašević et al. used a descriptive-comparative approach to analyze the available literature examining the relationship between insomnia, cardiovascular outcomes, and pharmacological treatment with benzodiazepines and Z-hypnotics. The authors conclude that, when pharmacological treatment of insomnia is necessary in cardiac patients, Z-hypnotics may be considered a more favorable alternative to benzodiazepines.

Interest in the causal relationship between autism spectrum disorder and vaccination has not waned. The review article by Aleksandra Ristić et al., "Autism spectrum disorder and vaccination: dispelling myths and presenting evidence", contributes further to this burning issue. Available scientific evidence unequivocally demonstrates that the MMR vaccine does not increase the risk of developing autism spectrum disorder, leading the authors to conclude that continuous medical education of healthcare professionals and parents, based on scientific evidence, is essential for countering misinformation and strengthening confidence in vaccination.

We also present a contemporary otorhinolaryngology review article by Jelena Salatić, "Hidden hearing loss – cochlear synaptopathy". Following an analysis of the relevant contemporary literature, the author concludes that the conventional audiological approach is insufficient in detecting cochlear synaptopathy, making it necessary to introduce advanced electrophysiological and psychoacoustic tests into clinical practice.

In their case report, "PENG and LFCN block for surgical correction of congenital hip dysplasia in a child – a case report", Lazar Jakšić et al. described the application of a relatively new regional anesthesia technique whose benefits in hip surgery in adults have been demonstrated, while its use in children continues to be investigated.

A rare but potentially fatal complication of systemic lupus erythematosus, macrophage activation syndrome, was described in the case report by Aleksandra Dašić et al., "*Lupus in fabula*: Systemic lupus erythematosus complicated by macrophage activation syndrome with a fatal outcome." The overlap of clinical and laboratory indicators of the underlying disease and its complication significantly affects timely diagnosis, while ferritin concentration has particular diagnostic significance, with values >10,000 μg/l being highly suggestive of macrophage activation syndrome.

Another rare and interesting case of a congenital anomaly was presented by Stefan Rošić et al. in the article "Case report of unilateral absence of pulmonary artery – radiological diagnosis of a rare cause of haemoptysis." Unilateral absence of the pulmonary artery may be asymptomatic, and the diagnosis is therefore often made incidentally. Given that it can cause serious complications, it is extremely important that physicians keep this condition in mind, particularly in patients presenting with hemoptysis.

We believe that the content of this issue will attract your attention and prove useful to you, both in everyday practice and in your continued professional development. On this occasion, I invite you to join us by contributing your own papers to future issues.

We would like to thank the authors and reviewers for their contribution and dedication, as well as everyone who, through their work and support, contributes to the development and improvement of our journal.

Yours sincerely,
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Serbian Journal of the Medical Chamber